



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact [support@jstor.org](mailto:support@jstor.org).

*Smallpox in Norfolk, Va.*NORFOLK, VA., *December 24, 1898.*

SIR: I have the honor to report that 7 cases of smallpox have been found in the city and sent to the pesthouse since my last report. I learn, unofficially, that 5 cases were sent to the county pesthouse from the little town of Berkley, just across the river, a few days ago.

Respectfully, yours,

EDWD. E. FEILD,

*Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.**Smallpox at Stroud, Okla.*GUTHRIE, OKLA., *December 17, 1898.*

SIR: I have to report 4 additional cases of smallpox at Stroud, in same household as first case, which died December 10. Total cases to date, 5. First case malignant confluent "hemorrhagica variola." Death, eighth day. Proper precautions are being taken.

Respectfully,

L. HAYNES BUXTON,

*Superintendent of Public Health for Oklahoma Territory.**Smallpox in Pennsylvania—One case of typhus fever in Philadelphia.*PHILADELPHIA, PA., *December 20, 1898.*

SIR: Since my last report of December 12, 1898, smallpox has been reported in Pennsylvania, as follows: Borough of Bedford, Bedford County, 9 cases, no deaths; Hustontown, near McConnellsburg, Fulton County, 1 case. The disease is also reported near Robertsedale, Huntingdon County, and Enid, Wells Township, Fulton County. As these places are contiguous, this is probably one and the same outbreak. A State board of health medical inspector is making a thorough investigation of all of these counties. One case of typhus fever is also reported in the city of Philadelphia. This has been removed to the Municipal Hospital and the premises have been disinfected.

Yours, very truly,

BENJAMIN LEE, M. D.,

*Secretary Pennsylvania State Board of Health.**Case of varioloid in Memphis, Tenn.*MEMPHIS, TENN., *December 20, 1898.*

SIR: I have the honor to report a case of varioloid in this city. Case was found in the rear of No. 327 Union street, and is a colored man, aged 28 years. He is a fireman on the Southern Railroad, and sleeps both in Tusculumbia and Steverson, Ala. Patient was sent to the smallpox hospital, as was also his wife, at her own request, she being an immune. The house has been thoroughly disinfected, and everyone within a radius of one block either way has been vaccinated, revaccinated, or has been accepted as an immune. I fear no spread.

Very respectfully,

MARCUS HAASE, M. D.,

*Secretary Memphis Board of Health.*